ASSOCIATE EDITORS (Continued)

Ellen R.M. Druffel
Department of Earth System Sciences, PSRF-207
University of California, Irvine, CA 92717
(714) 725-2116
Internet: druffel@bro.ps.uci.edu

Donald B. Olson RSMAS University of Miami Miami. FL 33149 USA (305) 361-4074 Internet: don@loquat.rsmas.miami.edu

Makoto Omori Department of Aquatic Biosciences Tokyo University of Fisheries 4-5-7, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan (03)471-1251

Louis M. Prieur
Laboratoire de Physique et Chimie Marines
Observatoire Oceanologique de Villefranche sur Mer
BP 08 La Darse
06230 Villefranche Sur Mer, France

(33)93763739 Internet: prieur@ccrv.obs-vlfr.fr

> Richard W. Spinrad CORE

1755 Massachusetts Ave, NW Suite 800 Washington, DC 20036-2102 (202) 232-3900 x219

James Syvitski
Director, Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research
University of Colorado at Boulder
1560 30th St., Campus Box 450
Boulder, CO 80309-0450
(303) 492 7909
(303) 492 6388 (FAX)
email james.syvitski@colorado.edu

Peter Wadhams
Scott Polar Research Institute
University of Cambridge
Lensfield Road
Cambridge CB2 1ER England
223-336542
Internet: pw11@phx.cam.ac.uk

PRINTER
Lancaster Press
Lancaster, PA USA

LETTER

Editors

In an otherwise profusely referenced article, Boehlert stated (*Oceanography 9(3)*, p. 30) "one of the best . . . of by-catch is in the Gulf of Mexico, where shrimp fisheries cause mortality . . . several . . . marine fish species, affecting dynamics of those stocks." Not referenced, no doubt, because it is not true.

The historically important species, spotted seatrout, red drum, and flounder are very rarely taken in trawls, and there is no evidence of damages to these species' stock dynamics, despite the blackened redfish debacle. Croaker, a minor species, probably has been affected, although it does not show up in their juvenile Louisiana populations. As a member of the Statistical and Scientific Committee of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council I just reviewed the evidence about trawl catches of red snapper. It is too complex to put in a brief note, but I am still looking for the proof that this has impacted snapper dynamics. Even if it has, this is not several species.

I am still reading your interesting volume, but have to say that if you want to be taken seriously, don't highlight the "world itching." I have been in the world for a long time, and have yet to observe this. That article (Carlton—Marine Bioinvasions) seemed to conclude that diversity is good, exotic invasions do not change the total diversity, but that is still bad because that is not the same. That is called nativism which is generally placed as religion. An interesting paper is Shafland, Exotic Fish Assessments, An Alternative View. Rev. Fisher. Sci. 1996, 4(2):123–132.

H. D. Hoese, 213 Des Jardin, Lafayette, LA 70507-2611

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TOS Headquarters has moved to a new office. You can now reach us at:

4052 Timber Ridge Drive Virginia Beach, VA 23455 USA

Phone: (804) 464-0131; FAX: (804) 464-1759;

Internet: jrhodes@ccpo.odu.edu